

KS2 Religious Education Year 3 Summer 1 - 7.5 hours

Theme/Unit: Places of Worship
Key concept: Sacred Place
Enquiry: What makes a place sacred?



Unit Summary:

In this unit, children learn the meaning of the word sacred. They think about how Christians and other religious people consider places of worship to be sacred. Children then think about what/where is sacred to them and others.

Prior Knowledge:

Children should be familiar with some different places of worship e.g. a church, synagogue, and mosque. They may be able to name items found in or parts of a church building and explain why they are important.

Year 3/4 Objectives:

Communicate Children can describe their own responses to the

human experience of the concepts studied.

Apply They can describe examples of how their responses are,

or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of

others.

Enquire They can describe key concepts that are common to all

people as well as those that are common to the lives of

many living a religious life (A and B concepts).

Contextualise They can describe how these concepts are

contextualised within some of the beliefs and/or

practices and/or ways of life of people living a religious

life in the religion studied.

Evaluate They can evaluate human experience of the concepts

by describing their value to people and through dialoguing with others can recognise, identify and

describe some issues raised.

Key Vocabulary:

Sacred	To be connected with god and consider holy.	
Monahin	An act of religious devotion usually directed	
Worship	towards a deity.	
Church	A building used for public Christian worship.	
Atmoorphone	The character, feeling, or mood of a place or	
Atmosphere	situation:	
Coinitual	Things relating to the human spirt rather than	
Spiritual	physical.	

Spiritual: providing an opportunity to be reflective about their own beliefs, religious or otherwise, that inform their perspective on life and their interest in and respect for different people's faiths, feelings and values.

Moral: developing an ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues.

Social: sharing our own experiences and respond to the experiences of others. Working and socialising with others in a range of learning opportunities. **Cultural**: willingness to participate in and respond positively to artistic, musical and cultural opportunities. Giving children an interest in and an opportunity to explore different faiths and beliefs.

Text drivers/Resources:

Church visit/visitor

Images/virtual tours of religious/sacred places

5-Step Enquiry: What makes a place sacred?		Assessment
	Enquire: What does sacred mean?	Basic:
Step 1	Children brainstorm the word sacred in small groups. Feedback and compare ideas.	 Draw/paint their sacred place
	Children in groups discuss and list what they would need to create a sacred place. Compare	 Create labels to match with their sacred
	ideas.	place
	Individually, or in pairs, children design a sacred place (anything/anywhere not necessarily	
	relating to religion) focussing on their discussion.	Learned:
	Children produce labels (ICT link) which explain how particular features make their place	 Design their sacred place (link to DT)
	sacred.	 Create their sacred place and label Create a guidebook that shows the reader around their sacred place and begins to explain why is it sacred
	Contextualise: What makes a religious building sacred?	
	Visit and investigate a church. Children photograph/draw features which they think make a	
p 2	church sacred.	
Step	Children produce a guidebook (literacy/ICT link) for a visitor explaining sacred features (stating	
	the why and because).	Deeper:
	Repeat above activity for a mosque through a virtual tour or visit.	Compare their sacred place to a friend
Step 3	Evaluate: How important is a sacred place to a Christian?	 Discuss similarities/differences
	Discuss with children:	Explain to someone else about what makes
	Is it important for believers to feel that a place is sacred? Why/why not?	their friend's place sacred to them
	Can a place be sacred on some occasions and not on others?	
	Do all Christians feel that the church sacred?	
	Do you think Christians would mind exchanging places of worship? Why/why not?	
	Hot-seat, volunteer children in role as a Christian who have been offered an alternative place	
	of worship because theirs is being pulled down to make way for a road. How would they react?	
	Communicate: What is my sacred place?	
Step 4	Ask children to spend some quiet reflective time imagining being in their own sacred place	
	(play quiet music perhaps). What is it like? What is around you? Who are you with? What can	
	you see, hear, smell, and feel? Why is it sacred? How do you feel when you are in there?	
	Children draw and annotate their sacred place or create a poem about it.	
Step 5	Apply: How should we consider other people's sacred places?	
	Discuss and compare children's personal sacred places. How do you feel about each other's	
	sacred places? Can you explain why it is sacred? (Eg: place where I was born, a football	
	ground, where the dog was buried.) How do people show a place is sacred?	
	Discuss: Is it important to show respect for other's sacred places? Why/why not? How can	
	respect or non-respect be shown?	













